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|  | **Knowledge** | **Skills** | **Vocabulary** |
| B | To know the changes in Britain from the Stone Age to the Iron Age.To know the achievements of the earliest civilizations. To know where and when the first civilizations appeared and an in depth study of: Ancient Egyptians. To know the difference between primary and secondary sources. | **Understand Chronology**• To understand the term chronology.• To place events in chronological order.• To begin to develop an understanding of duration.• To be able to discuss links with other civilisations and time periods.**Investigate and interpret the past**• To make deductions about the past from a source.• To use more than one source of evidence at once. | **Communicate Historically**As in KS1 plus:* Dates
* time period
* era
* change
* chronology
* chronological
* primary/secondary source
* prehistoric
* century
* decade

**Changes from the Stone Age to Iron AgeBritain**temporary/ permanentPalaeolithichunter-gatherersMesolithicNeolithicearly farmers/ farmingDeforestation Skara Brae Bronze Age Stonehenge Iron Age hill fortstribal kingdoms**Achievements of the earliest civilizations**civilizationsirrigation Ancient Egypt; MummificationPyramid |
| **C**  | To know about Ancient Greek life.To know their achievements and their influence on the western world.To know the impact of the Roman Empire on Britain. | Understand Chronology• To understand the concept of change over time.• To use dates and terms to describe events.• To understand concept of BC and AD.• To have a clear understanding of duration between events.Investigate and interpret the past• To make deductions and justify with evidence.• To be able to identify explicit and implicit evidence from a source.• To suggest suitable sources of evidence for an enquiry.• To give reasons for and results of events and changes. | Communicate Historically* deduce
* justify
* continuity
* explicit evidence
* implicit evidence.

**Ancient Greece**western world DemocracyPhilosophyOlympic GamesAthensParthenonAcropolis**Roman Empire and impact on Britain** Julius CaesarClaudiusinvasion Conquestresistance BoudicaRomanisation HypocaustViaduct /aquaductGladiatorColiseumAmphitheatreHadrian’s wall  |
| **D** | To know about Britain’s settlements by Anglo-Saxons and Scots To know about the Viking and Anglo-Saxon struggle for the Kingdom of England to the time of Edward the Confessor To know about a non-European society that provides contrasts with British history at the same time – one study chosen from: early Islamic civilization, including a study of Baghdad c. AD 900; Mayan civilization c. AD 900; Benin (West Africa) c. AD 900-1300. (Choose one) | **Understand Chronology**• To understand the concepts of continuity and change over time, representing them on a timeline.• To identify links with other periods of study, demonstrating global perspective.**Investigate and interpret the past**• To describe different accounts of an historical event, explaining some of the reasons why the accounts may differ.• To suggest causes and consequences of some of the main events and changes in history.• To show understanding that aspects of the past have been represented and interpreted in different ways.• To begin to select and combine relevant information from different sources.**Communicate Historically**• To use literacy, numeracy and computing skills in order to communicate information about the past.• To show increasing depth of factual knowledge and understanding of aspects of history and use this to describe features of past societies and periods and to begin to make links between them. | Communicate Historically* legacy
* infer
* justify
* hypothesis.

**Britain’s settlement by Anglo-Saxons and Scots** Dark agesChristian conversion Canterbury, Iona and LindisfarneSutton Hoo **Viking and Anglo-Saxon struggle for the Kingdom of England** Raids resistance DanegeldAlfred the GreatAlthelstanEdward the Confessor**A non-European society that provides contrasts with British history c. AD 900** advanced civilisations**Early Islamic civilization** Baghdad IslamProphet MuhammadMuslimmosquecaliphsGolden Ageastrolabes**Mayan civilization** MesoamericaCodexChichen Itza**Benin** Oba**Study of an aspect or theme in British history that extends pupils’ chronological knowledge beyond 1066** (N.B. depends on the aspect or theme selected.)long arc of timeLegacy, turning point |
| **A** | To know about an aspect or theme in British history that extends pupils’ chronological knowledge beyond 1066. To know about local history – WW2 | **Understand Chronology**• To describe the main changes of a period in history (using terms such as social, religious, political, technological and cultural).• To use dates and terms accurately when describing events.**Investigate and interpret the past**• To understand that events, people and changes can be interpreted in different ways and suggest possible reasons for this (understanding bias).• To use sources of evidence to form deductions and hypotheses about the past.• To independently select relevant source material for enquiry and justify choices.**Communicate Historically** • To make links between features within and across different periods from prior knowledge.• To use literacy, numeracy and computing skills to an exceptional standard in order to communicate information about the past.• To use original ways to present information and ideas. | Communicate Historically* bias
* reliability.

**Study of an aspect or theme in British history that extends pupils’ chronological knowledge beyond 1066** (N.B. depends on the aspect or theme selected.)long arc of timeLegacyturning point |